

Komplementäre Verschränkungsräume

1. In Toth (2025) wurden semiotische Belegungs- und Verschränkungsräume untersucht. Wird eine Zeichenklasse in eine trajektische Zeichenklasse transformiert, entsteht wegen der Konstanz des semiotischen Matrixraumes (vgl. Cheng 1993) allerdings auch ein komplementärer, verschränkungsfreier Raum, der aus dem Belegungsraum nicht direkt ableitbar ist.

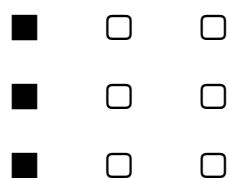
2. Belegungsräume und Verschränkungsräume der Zeichenklassen

$$1. \text{Zkl} = (3.1, 2.1, 1.1)$$

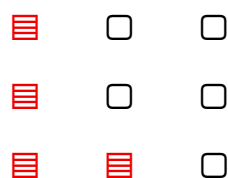
$$= (3.1, 2.1) \circ (2.1, 1.1)$$

$$= ((3.2, 1.1) \circ (2.1, 1.1))$$

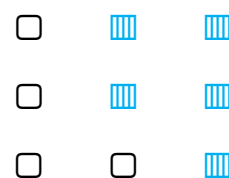
B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum

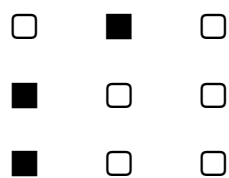


$$2. \text{Zkl} = (3.1, 2.1, 1.2)$$

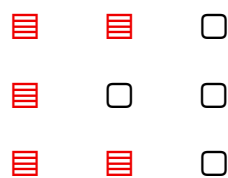
$$= (3.1, 2.1) \circ (2.1, 1.2)$$

$$= ((3.2, 1.1) \circ (2.1, 1.2))$$

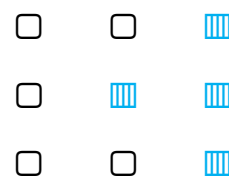
B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum

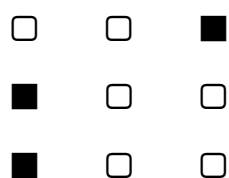


$$3. \text{Zkl} = (3.1, 2.1, 1.3)$$

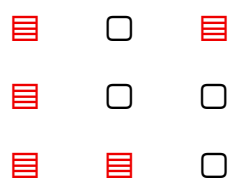
$$= (3.1, 2.1) \circ (2.1, 1.3)$$

$$= ((3.2, 1.1) \circ (2.1, 1.3))$$

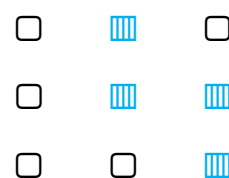
B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum

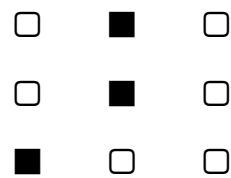


$$4. \text{Zkl} = (3.1, 2.2, 1.2)$$

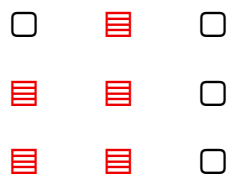
$$= (3.1, 2.2) \circ (2.2, 1.2)$$

$$= ((3.2, 1.2) \circ (2.1, 2.2))$$

B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum

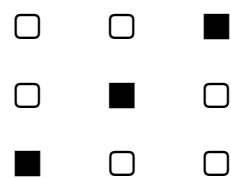


$$5. \text{Zkl} = (3.1, 2.2, 1.3)$$

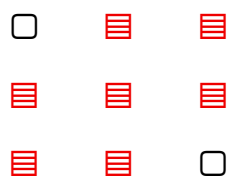
$$= (3.1, 2.2) \circ (2.2, 1.3)$$

$$= ((3.2, 1.2) \circ (2.1, 2.3))$$

B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum

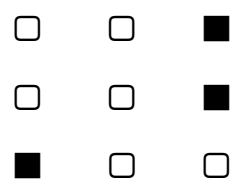


$$6. \text{Zkl} = (3.1, 2.3, 1.3)$$

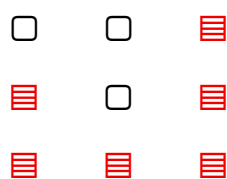
$$= (3.1, 2.3) \circ (2.3, 1.3)$$

$$= ((3.2, 1.3) \circ (2.1, 3.3))$$

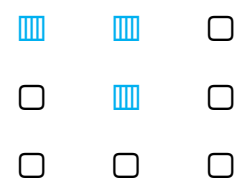
B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum

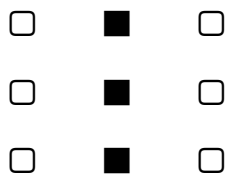


$$7. \text{Zkl} = (3.2, 2.2, 1.2)$$

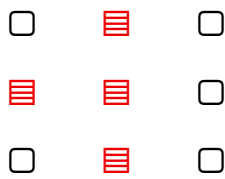
$$= (3.2, 2.2) \circ (2.2, 1.2)$$

$$= ((3.2, 2.2) \circ (2.1, 2.2))$$

B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum

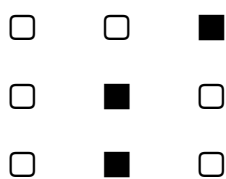


$$8. \text{Zkl} = (3.2, 2.2, 1.3)$$

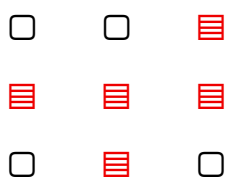
$$= (3.2, 2.2) \circ (2.2, 1.3)$$

$$= ((3.2, 2.2) \circ (2.1, 2.3))$$

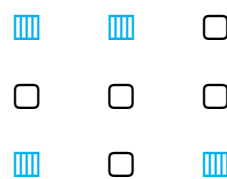
B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum

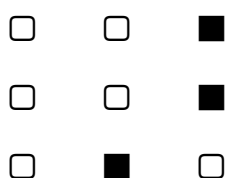


$$9. \text{Zkl} = (3.2, 2.3, 1.3)$$

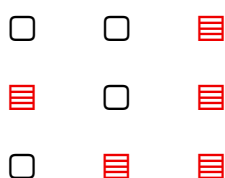
$$= (3.2, 2.3) \circ (2.3, 1.3)$$

$$= ((3.2, 2.3) \circ (2.1, 3.3))$$

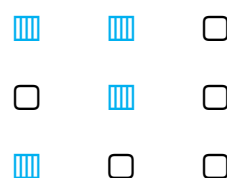
B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum

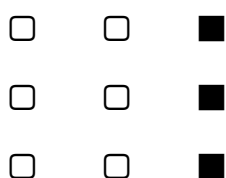


$$10. \text{Zkl} = (3.3, 2.3, 1.3)$$

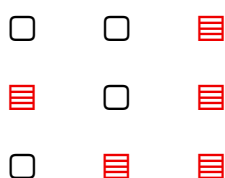
$$= (3.3, 2.3) \circ (2.3, 1.3)$$

$$= ((3.2, 3.3) \circ (2.1, 3.3))$$

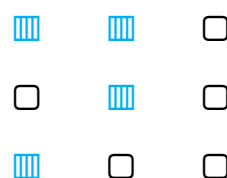
B-Raum



V-Raum



Komplementärer V-Raum



Literatur

Cheng, Frue, Leit- und Orientierungssysteme im Stadtzentrum. Diss. Stuttgart 1993

Toth, Alfred, Belegungsräume und Verschränkungsräume. In: Electronic Journal for Mathematical Semiotics, 2025

16.11.2025